

CALL OUT MORE TROOPS TO PROTECT PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES

Twenty Additional Complete Infantry Regiments And Five Additional Battalions of National Guard Are Put in Service in Anticipation of Internal Disorders, Mostly in the Western States

PRES. WILSON SUPPLEMENTS HIS ORIGINAL ORDERS

Two New Military Departments In Eastern Section of the Country Have Been Authorized—President Makes Special Appeal For Recruiting Navy To Its Full Strength

Washington, D. C., March 26.—Twenty additional complete infantry regiments and five additional separate battalions of National Guard troops have been ordered into federal service for the protection of property in the event of possible internal disorders. The troops have been called out in 18 western and middle-western states, not included in the list of similar orders made public yesterday.

The new order makes a total of 32 National Guard infantry regiments called into federal service for police purposes, supplemented by six separate battalions and several detached companies. They will be assigned to posts in connection with their police work by the commanders of the military departments, acting under instructions from the war department.

PRES. WILSON ORDERS A FULL ENLISTMENT FOR NAVAL SERVICE

Creates Two New Military Departments on the Atlantic Coast and Calls Out Part of the National Guard for Protecting Property.

Washington, March 26.—President Wilson took steps yesterday to place the nation on a war footing.

By executive order he directed that the navy be recruited without delay to full authorized war strength of 87,000 enlisted men. Taken in connection with emergency naval construction already ordered, this means that the president has exercised the full limit of his legal powers as commander-in-chief to prepare the navy for war.

For the army, the president directed that two new military departments be created in the Atlantic coast region, one comprising the New England states and the other comprising the states in the old South. The order means that the task of organizing whatever army Congress may authorize will be divided among six departmental commanders instead of four in the interests of speed and efficiency in mobilization.

The third step was to assume as a national duty the task of protecting American industries from domestic disorders in the event of hostilities. For this purpose 11 full infantry regiments, two separate battalions and one separate company of National Guards were called back into the federal service to act as national police in important districts. Supplementing these troops, a regiment of Pennsylvania guards and two companies of Georgia infantry, on route home from the border for mustering out, were ordered retained in the federal service.

The president's orders were made known in terse official statements issued by both departments. No explanation accompanied them except the statement that reorganization of the military department, effective May 1, was designed to facilitate decentralization of command.

Following is the executive order bringing the navy up to war strength: "By virtue of the authority vested in the president by the act of Congress approved August 28, 1916, entitled 'An act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes,' it is hereby directed that the authorized enlisted strength of the navy be increased to 87,000 men.

(Signed) "Woodrow Wilson." The navy must enroll immediately approximately 26,000 men to reach the required strength. Secretary Daniels supplemented it last night with personal telegrams to newspaper editors all over the country, urging them to aid the department in every way in their power to obtain the men.

National Guardsmen Called Out. The war department's order calling

into federal service 14 regiments of the National Guard for police protection purposes was announced in the following statement:

"Many states have deemed it advisable to call out the National Guard for police purposes of protection. As the necessity for such steps arise from the issues which are more national than local, it has been deemed advisable by the president to call into federal service for the above mentioned purpose the following organizations of the National Guard: Massachusetts, 2d and 9th regiments, Pennsylvania, 1st and 3d regiments, Maryland, 4th regiment, District of Columbia, 1st separate battalion.

"Virginia, 2d regiment, Vermont, Co. B, 1st regiment, Connecticut, 1st regiment, New York, 2d and 71st regiments, New Jersey, 1st and 5th regiments, Delaware, 1st battalion, 1st regiment, The following regiments which are now in the federal service will not be mustered out:

"Thirteenth Pennsylvania, A and B companies of the 1st Georgia, Division of the United States into six instead of the existing four military departments was announced by the war department in the following statement:

"To facilitate decentralization of command the United States is divided into six military departments in place of the four now existing. The new organizations become effective May 1, 1917, and comprise the following:

"A—Northeastern department to embrace the states of Maine New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Headquarters at Boston.

"B—Eastern department to embrace the states of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, West Virginia, District of Columbia, the canal zone and the island of Porto Rico with the islands and keys adjacent thereto. Headquarters at Governor's Island.

"C—Southern department to embrace the states of Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, together with the coast defenses of New Orleans and the coast defenses of Galveston. Headquarters at Charleston, S. C.

"D—Central department to embrace the states of Kentucky, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Colorado. Headquarters at Chicago.

"E—Southern department to embrace the states of Louisiana (except the coast defenses at Galveston), Texas (except the coast defenses at Galveston), Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona. Headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

"F—Western department to embrace the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, California, Nevada, Utah and the territory of Alaska. Headquarters at San Francisco.

"Major-General Leonard Wood will command the southeastern department and Major-General J. Franklin Bell will command the eastern department. Major-General Hunter Liggett will command the western department, and Brigadier-General Clarence E. Edwards will command the northwestern department. Brigadier-General Edward H. Plummer will command the troops in the Panama canal zone. Other department commanders will remain as at present."

Congress must determine the system under which an army is to be raised. Yesterday's action provides more elastic machinery, found necessary as a result of the recent border mobilization, for the enrolling and training of a great army, whether raised as volunteers, by conscription or through universal service.

NAVY ENLISTMENTS ARE URGENTLY NEEDED

Washington, D. C., March 25, 1917. Managing Editor Times, Barre, Vt.

The president last night signed an executive order directing that the authorized enlisted strength of the navy be increased to 87,000. He was authorized by Congress, in case of emergency, to direct such increase in enlistment. New ships and ships in reserve are being fully commissioned as rapidly as possible and the need is imperative for a larger enlistment to man them. There has been a net increase of over 6,500 in enlistment since Congress recently authorized an increase, but many more are needed, and needed now.

Will you not emphasize this need by giving special prominence Monday in the first page of your paper, to the president's order, and also by making an editorial appeal for new recruits for the navy?

The navy offers exceptional advantages to young men of stuff and ambitions to serve in the first line for national defense. In this emergency you have the opportunity and the privilege of performing this public service, and I am cordially appealing to you for your cordial and helpful co-operation. Josephus Daniels.

tral commanders the work of mobilization in the states most thickly populated and from which the greatest number of soldiers must come. The present eastern department directed the mobilization of approximately 80 per cent of the 150,000 guardsmen sent to the border. With 400,000 men, the maximum authorized strength of the National Guard called out in addition to whatever volunteers might be summoned, the task would be too great for a single departmental organization because of the vastness of the supply problems involved.

WOMAN DIED SUDDENLY.

Mrs. Earl Walbridge's Death Is Being Investigated.

Burlington, March 26.—Mrs. Earl Walbridge died at her home on Colchester avenue Saturday evening very suddenly. It is thought that her death was caused by medicine taken by her with illegal intent. An autopsy performed yesterday morning, when the chemical tests have been completed, reveal the exact cause of death.

Mrs. Walbridge was with her husband and two children at her home Saturday evening. At about 9:30 o'clock she sat down upon a couch in the living room, telling her husband that she felt faint. She became suddenly weak and he assisted her to the piazza to get air. There her condition grew much worse and, after placing her upon the couch, he rushed to the home of his brother-in-law, across the street, to telephone for a physician. She died very soon after he returned to the house. Dr. E. A. Heath, the family physician, was called but the woman was dead when he arrived.

The police authorities were notified and with Dr. F. J. Ennis went to the house. Circumstances were such that State's Attorney Martin was informed, and following investigations by an official autopsy was performed by Dr. R. H. Stone of the state laboratory yesterday morning.

Mrs. Walbridge was but 21 years of age. She was the mother of two children, Donald, aged about three, and Russell, an infant a year and two months of age. She was born in Concord, N. H., the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eli Sturgeon, and came here to live about three years ago. Besides her husband and children, she is survived by her father and three sisters, Mrs. George Brown of Concord, N. H., Mrs. Emmett Laramie of Enfield, N. H., and Miss Ethel Sturgeon of Concord.

SHOE WORKERS INCREASED.

Get 10 Per Cent Increase in Wages at Brockton.

Brockton, Mass., March 26.—Forty thousand shoe workers in the old colony district, which includes factories in the territory from Weymouth to New Bedford, will receive a 10 per cent increase in wages and a Saturday half holiday, according to an agreement tentatively arranged between the manufacturers and union officials.

Last night at a meeting of the union leaders of the district, representatives of the union announced that negotiations virtually had been concluded and that the increase would probably go into effect May 1, the date when the 10 per cent granted by Brockton manufacturers to their 13,000 employees three weeks ago will go into effect.

With about 53,000 operatives receiving a 10 per cent increase in wages and with reduced hours making it necessary to employ additional help to meet the demand, it was estimated last night that the total additional cost of production of shoes in the district would be close to \$5,000,000.

"EXIT, LAUGHING"

Wrote Man Just Before Committing Suicide.

New York, March 26.—After having written a telegram referring to a business deal he had closed "wherein everybody receives in full," a man believed to be David William Bailey, head of Bailey Grocers, Inc., of Detroit, Mich., committed suicide yesterday in the Vanderbilt hotel by shooting himself in the head. Near his body was found a magazine in which he had marked, "Exit, laughing." The telegram was addressed to C. W. Miller, Detroit.

GERMANS ARE SACRIFICING MEN TO NO ADVANTAGE

Their Attacks on Positions Captured by French Between the Somme and the Oise Were Thrown Back, and the Germans Suffered Heavy Losses, Says Paris Statement

FOLEMBRAY REACHED ON ROAD TO LAON

Battle of St. Quentin Continues to Rage with Unabated Fury, and the Honors for the Past 24 Hours Have Been in Favor of the French, Who Are Pushing On

Paris, March 26.—Notwithstanding bad weather and the difficult state of the ground the French continued last night to advance south of the river Oise. The war office announces that French patrols reached Folembrey, south of the Forest of Coucy.

The Germans made heavy and useless sacrifices, the statement says, in several attacks yesterday on positions captured by the French between the Somme and the Oise. Wherever they approached French positions they were thrown back by counter-attacks.

The battle of St. Quentin continues to rage with unabated fury. The honors of the last twenty-four hours' fighting have been with the French who are pushing forward steadily, taking all the precautions that the nature of the operations call for, and in the face of desperate resistance by the Germans. The advance is necessarily slow owing to the character of the ground.

RUSSIAN ARMY INVADES TURKEY

Dispatch from Petrograd Tells of Detachments Crossing the Turkish Border and Advancing Into Villages of Mosul.

London, March 26.—Russian detachments in Persia, pursuing the Turks, have crossed the border into the Turkish vilayet of Mosul, according to an official announcement forwarded in a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd.

76 MORE SHIPS SUNK BY GERMANS IN LAST FEW DAYS

Gross Tonnage of Vessels Was 80,000, According to Statement Issued in Berlin.

Berlin, March 26, (by wireless), March 26.—The sinking of 25 more steamships, 14 sailing vessels and 37 trawlers, with an aggregate gross tonnage of 80,000 in the last few days is announced by the admiralty.

NEW BARRED ZONE.

It Is Announced by Germany That Arctic Waters Are Included.

Berlin, March 26 (by wireless to Sayville).—Announcement of a new barred zone in Arctic waters was made yesterday by the admiralty in an official statement, which reads:

"Foreign governments have been informed that in the future in the district of the northern Arctic ocean east of the 24th degree of eastern longitude and south of the 74th degree of northern latitude, with the exception of Norwegian territorial waters, all ocean traffic forthwith will be opposed with all arms. Neutral ships plying this district do so at their own risk, but provision is made that neutral ships that are already on voyages to ports in this barred zone or that desire to leave such ports will not be attacked without special warning until April 5."

BIG DEMONSTRATION.

Half of Lowell's Population Turned Out Patriotically.

Lowell, Mass., March 26.—More than 50,000 people joined in a patriotic demonstration on the streets of Lowell yesterday, when Mayor James E. O'Donnell led a parade of several hundred persons through the streets to the state armory, where speeches were made.

The demonstration came in mid-afternoon and had been arranged on 24 hours' notice. In spite of the short notice, half the city turned out. The demonstration was a test to find out if the spirit that prompted Lowell to send volunteers to respond to the first call for troops in 1861 still existed. The parade consisted of Lowell business men, military training school, the boy scouts' troops and a long column of civilians, with a band at the head of the line. At the armory 5,000 people tried to gain admittance and when the big drill shed was filled, an overflow meeting of 2,000 persons was organized in front out in the street.

Speeches were made by Albert D. Miller, Mayor James E. O'Donnell, Rev. Alfred Rodman Hussey and Hon. John R. Murphy of Boston. These speakers, together with Robert F. Madden, addressed the overflow meeting. All the speakers sought to emphasize the need for enlistments in the militia and of standing behind President Wilson with all power possible.

ARMED ST. LOUIS REACHES PORT

The First American Liner to Cross the Atlantic with Guns

CENSORED REPORT GIVES BRIEF FACT

Secretary of the Navy Daniels Made the Announcement

Washington, D. C., March 26.—The American liner St. Louis, the first armed American ship to cross the Atlantic, arrived safely at her destination, Secretary of the Navy Daniels announced today.

Information as to the arrival of the steamer came to the navy department from the offices of the American line in New York. The company wished to make known the fact to relieve the anxiety of those having relatives or friends on the vessel, and Secretary Daniels approved the action. No details of the trip were given in the company's report.

The St. Louis Carried 31 Passengers.

New York, March 26.—The St. Louis left an American port on March 17 with 31 passengers, of whom 14 were American citizens. Among her crew of 394 were 131 Americans.

WENT TO BURLINGTON TO COMMIT SUICIDE

Mrs. Ida Scott of Randolph Was Headed for Lake Champlain When Stopped by Police Officers.

Burlington, March 26.—Ida Scott, wife of William Scott, whose home is in Randolph, was prevented from committing suicide Saturday afternoon by Officer Levi Vincent, who overheard her asking the way to the lake, after having observed that she did not appear to be in a rational state of mind. She was taken to the police station and later locked up in the county jail to be kept safe until she is turned over to relatives or the proper authorities.

The woman arrived in this city on an afternoon train. When she stepped from the train she appeared to be working under stress of mind and Officer Vincent followed her to the street level. There she stopped a hackman and asked him the direction to the lake. He told her and she started in the direction indicated. The police officer heard her remark and caught up with her. He inquired of her why she wanted to go to the lake. She looked him in the face for a few moments and when the question was put to her again she looked away and said that she might as well tell him that she had come from Randolph to commit suicide by drowning. The woman was taken by the officer to the police station.

According to the woman, her family affairs had been pleasant. She stated that she had been divorced from her husband and that she lived at Randolph with her little girl, Bernice, about six years of age. She said that she had been greatly mistreated, that her relatives did not care for her and that her husband still made her no end of trouble. She stated that in order to put an end to an existence which had been and was still one of horror she had finally decided to make away with herself by drowning, probably not knowing that the surface of the lake is still covered with many inches of ice.

According to the woman's story this was not her first attempt to kill herself, as she had attempted to commit suicide twice before, once by trying to drown herself in the watering tub for cattle at her farm and another time by attempting to drink Paris green. The water in the tub was not deep enough and the Paris green was struck from her hand just as she was about to drink it.

The woman's mind was working at a very high tension and she pleaded with the chief of police to allow her to drown herself. An envelope containing a little over \$2 she gave to the chief with the request that he send it to her little daughter. When asked why she came to Burlington to kill herself, the woman said that she came here to avoid all funeral and other expenses which would be incident to her death.

She had in her possession a little bottle of pills which she said was given her by Dr. G. W. Scott of Randolph. These proved to be nothing but something which would perhaps be used to break up a cold. Dr. Scott was communicated with and from information given by him, and general observations, it was concluded that the woman was not of strong mind. That she was in earnest in her attempted suicide was evinced by her attempt to leave the officer while on the way to jail and go toward the lake.

CORONDA SURVIVORS IN.

Twenty-One Men Arrived at Halifax, N. S., Last Night.

Halifax, N. S., March 26.—Twenty-one survivors of the British steamer Coronda which was torpedoed 150 miles off the Irish coast on the 13th of this month, arrived last night on a British steamer which picked them up nine hours after the Coronda went down. Nine men were lost by the capsizing of their lifeboat.

WAS MAKING SKETCHES.

"You'll Have to Excuse Me," Said Man When Stopped.

Lynn, Mass., March 26.—A man with a sketch pad and pencil standing yesterday on the Fox hill bridge overlooking the 75-acre plant of the General Electric company, which has many large war contracts, was questioned by the police yesterday.

"You'll have to excuse me," he said to the officers. "I forgot the international situation. I was about to make notes to be used in a temperance lecture."

MR. CALEF TO BUILD GRANITE LIBRARY IN WASHINGTON

Gift Accepted on Behalf of the Town and the Work of Construction on Commanding Site Will Be Started as Soon as Possible.

Action taken by the library trustees and selectmen of the town of Washington Saturday in accepting the gift was the first public announcement of the offer of Mr. C. Calef to build a granite library structure in the town of Washington. Besides accepting the most generous offer, the trustees and selectmen selected a building committee to go ahead with the work. At the same time it was voted to extend to Mr. Calef the town's thanks and appreciation of his beneficence.

The meeting of the trustees and selectmen was called especially to consider the proposition of Mr. Calef, and L. W. Sawyer was elected chairman, and Mrs. D. E. Worthley clerk. After the offer had been accepted on behalf of the town, the following building committee was named: W. G. Rogers, G. W. Downing and L. W. Sawyer. It is now proposed to begin the construction just as soon as the weather will permit and to rush the work to an early completion as possible. One of the most commanding sites in the village has been selected for the building, it being a corner lot, which was presented to the town by Mr. Calef a year or two ago, and the building itself promises to be very attractive with its granite exterior and well-appointed interior.

In making this generous offer of a granite structure Mr. Calef shows his interest in his native town and the community in which he now resides. The people of Washington appreciate very much the spirit of the donor and are much pleased at the prospects of getting a handsome library structure to add to the attractions of the little village.

MOTHER MADE HEROIC EFFORT TO SAVE CHILD

Latter Burned to Death and Mrs. Lisle Bolster of South Londonderry Is Expected to Die.

Brattleboro, March 26.—The ignition of a can of kerosene, probably from a spark from the kitchen range, burned Mrs. Lisle Bolster of South Londonderry and her baby girl, 15 months old, Saturday afternoon so badly that the child died late that night and the mother is not expected to recover. The baby was playing on the floor.

The mother started outdoors with the child, but the door was locked. When she got out through another door to roll in the snow, her clothing was burned off, and with the exception of one leg she was burned all over badly. Mrs. Bolster is 29 years of age.

SMOTHERED IN FIRE.

John Cunningham of Pittsford Was Last Seen on Friday.

Pittsford, March 26.—John Cunningham was found dead at his home on the Plains yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock. Mr. Cunningham, who lived alone, was last seen on Friday. As some of the neighbors feared something might have happened to him, his nephew, George Crahan, Joseph Dussette and T. H. Candon made an entrance to the house, the door being locked, and found his dead body.

The house in which he lived contained only one room and this was found to have been the scene of a considerable fire. The bed on which he was evidently lying, was badly burned as well as one side of the room. It is thought that he was smothered in the fire, which finally burned itself out. It is probable that the fire occurred Saturday.

Selectman Henry O. Phillips and Health Officer H. H. Swift were summoned and they ordered the body removed to the undertaking rooms of R. W. Barnard. The funeral arrangements had not been completed last night.

Mr. Cunningham was born in Fairfield 63 years ago. He is survived by two brothers, Thomas of Brandon, and James of this town and a sister, Mrs. Lawrence Crahan of Chittenden.

WA BORN IN BARRE.

Clinton Keith Died in East Hardwick Last Week.

Clinton Keith, a former resident of this city and a native of Barre Town, died at his home in East Hardwick Friday and the body will be brought to this city Tuesday afternoon for interment in the Keith family lot at Elmwood cemetery. Mr. Keith's death removes the last of three brothers in a family prominent in the earlier affairs of Barre. Lewis Keith died at his home in Westerville two years ago and the demise of Erastus Keith occurred some years prior. Clinton Keith was born in 1840 and passed many years of his life in this city and vicinity. He was a long-time resident of Hardwick, however, and active in the affairs of that town. He leaves his wife and two daughters, Mrs. Charles D. Swasey of Waterbury and Mrs. Newton, the wife of a Cambridge physician. A sister, Mrs. Agnes Lovrien, lives in Chicago, Ill.

Funeral services were held in East Hardwick and the body will arrive in the city over the Central Vermont railroad at 1 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Barnett, pastor of the Barre Congregational church, will officiate at services to be held at the receiving vault in Elmwood.

AVIATION ENLISTMENTS.

Two Men Are Wanted from Vermont; To Enlist at Burlington.

Washington, D. C., March 26.—The bureau of navigation, navy department, will enlist men for aviation duty only, and Burlington, Vt., is named as an enlistment place in the eastern division. Only two men are desired from Vermont. The men who are accepted will be sent to the aeronautic station, Pensacola, Fla., for training. The normal course at Pensacola is 15 months, and after the completion of this course these men will continue to do aviation at some shore station or be ordered to ships supplied with aircraft.

VERMONT TROOPS UNDER ARMS

Company B of St. Albans Is Awaiting Orders from War Department

ENLISTMENTS ARE BEING RECEIVED

Company Mobilized Last Night on Word from Gov. Graham

St. Albans, March 26.—Many signs of activity were in evidence at the armory in this city today and that section of the city is taking on a military appearance. Guards with bayonets fixed are posted around the building and civilians, except for cars, are refused admission. Capt. Charles E. Pell is without orders as to the disposition of his men and it may be a day or two before official orders are received. The company officials are busy fixing muster rolls and enlisting recruits. Several applications for enlistment were received this morning. Maj. E. J. Melville, surgeon, is examining applicants this afternoon.

Capt. Pell ordered recruits to recruit his company to 100 men. Enlistments as far as practical are to be confined to unmarried men and in case a married man presents himself, as has already occurred, he must swear that no one is dependent on him in an economic sense.

Although the matter as to how long the men will be held at the armory is merely a matter of speculation, it would seem that they are not to be moved until equipment has been sent them from the arsenal at Montpelier, where last evening Adj. Gen. Lee S. Tiltonson began to prepare a shipment to the local troops. The men as assembled are without uniforms other than overcoats and woolen olive drab will have to be supplied. The men returning from the Mexico service wore cotton uniforms, which, when they were mustered out of the federal service, became their property.

Congressman Frank L. Greene, member of the military affairs committee of the House of Representatives, was at the armory last evening soon after the call was sounded and later in the evening, at the request of Capt. Pell, addressed the soldiers with a few patriotic remarks.

The emergency military alarm was sounded at 6:45 last evening by Fire Chief Guerin, by permission of Mayor J. E. Main, the orders coming at 6:25 from Col. F. B. Thomas at Montpelier. Forty minutes from the sounding of the alarm, 46 men and two officers, Capt. Charles E. Pell and Second Lieut. L. H. Lampan, had reported for duty. First Lieut. John F. Sullivan, a conductor on the Central Vermont railroad, had gone out on a train, southbound.

GOV. GRAHAM GOT ORDER FROM BAKER TO CALL OUT CO. B

Executive Immediately Transmitted the Command of Capt. Pell at St. Albans—Other Signs of Military Activity at State Capital.

With Gov. Graham and the executive committee of the board of public safety in conference at the State House this afternoon, a war message to be delivered by the chief executive to-morrow afternoon before the legislature in joint assembly and bills pending in the legislature which will enable the state to equip members of the National Guard and raise the organization to its full quota. It can easily be seen that Vermont is not lagging behind in preparing for any eventualities which may arise because of the crisis between the United States and Germany.

The governor last evening received a telegram from Secretary of War Baker ordering Co. B of St. Albans into the federal service. The order was transmitted to Capt. C. E. Pell of the company at St. Albans through the commanding officers of the regiment. Instructions were given to mobilize at the armory and be in readiness to respond to any orders issued by Maj. Gen. Leonard E. Wood, commanding general of the department of the East, at Governor's Island, New York. The company will be used, it is expected, for police duty, guarding railroads, bridge, munition plants and arsenals.

FELL ACROSS WIRE.

Died from Electricity and Would-Be Rescuer Also Succumbed.

Greenfield, Mass., March 26.—Two men were killed and a third was badly burned at the local plant of the Greenfield Light & Power company yesterday. Rollo B. Kinsman, chief engineer of the plant, slipped from a six-foot steel frame where he was repairing a lightning arrester and fell across a live wire carrying 13,000 volts. He was killed instantly. His body was removed from the wire by Frank Allen, an assistant, who used a long pole, but in picking up the body it again came in contact with the wire. Edward Loukhardt, another employee, sprang forward to assist Allen, and both were knocked down by the current. Loukhardt was killed. Allen was able to pick himself up and telephone for assistance.

TICKETS EXCHANGED TUESDAY

For High School and Grade Concerts This Week.

The tickets for the high school concert Wednesday evening and the grade chorus and folk dancing Thursday evening will be exchanged at Drown's Drug store Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock instead of this (Monday) evening, as stated on the exchange tickets.